# Stepper Motor Control with an MC68HC11E9 Microcontroller

By Bob King and Edgar Saenz

#### 1 Introduction

This note provides basic implementation details and procedural information to design and assemble a stepper motor system. The controller discussed here is the MC68HC11E9, an 8-bit Motorola microcontroller (MCU). There are many embedded control applications supported by the M68HC11 Family.

The note consists of a general description and gives highlights of implementing a basic stepper motor system application. A step-by-step hardware assembly section is included to promote ease of construction should one desire to build a similar system.

To simplify the application, the software was generated on the Motorola M68HC11EVM evaluation module (EVM). The program created with the EVM is shown in **6 Listing**. The program runs in addresses \$C000 through \$C1CC. It is meant to be used as a guide and can be modified to support a variety of stepper motor control applications. Some modules will require no changes for use. For convenience, a copy of the code is available through Freeware Data Services. The Freeware BBS can be accessed by modem at (512) 891-3733, or via the World Wide Web at <a href="http://freeware.sps.mot.com">http://freeware.sps.mot.com</a>.

The EVM comes with an on-board monitor called EVMbug11 that supports software development. This evaluation system provides easy I/O interfacing to external hardware and offers the user an inexpensive programming solution for devices with OTP, EPROM and EEPROM non-volatile memory.

Evaluation of the A0, A1, A8, E0, E1, E9 or 811E2 versions of M68HC11 microcontroller devices is supported when using the EVM. The microcontroller that resides on the EVM for this application is the MC68HC811E1 version.

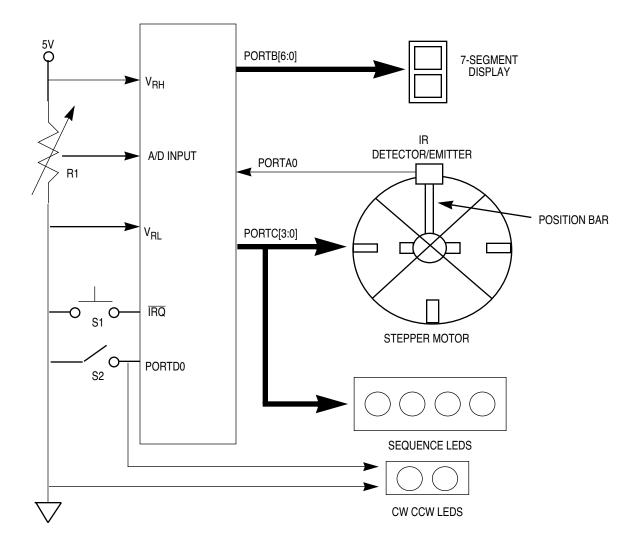
# 2 General System Information

**Figure 1** shows basic system operation. R1 provides an analog input to the MCU which is converted to a digital value and used to determine the speed at which the motor turns. In this example, the resistance is being varied manually for the A/D input to the MCU. A feedback scheme from the motor back to the A/D input could be implemented to facilitate a closed loop system.

To support motor turn direction, one I/O port pin is used to determine clockwise or counter-clockwise rotation. The voltage applied to the pin is sampled each time the program cycles through the software routines. A manual switch controls the state of the I/O pin. Green and yellow LEDs illuminate to indicate the turn direction.

A seven-segment display shows the delay between steps when the stepper motor is driven, and indicates motor speed. A parallel port is used to send the appropriate character codes to the seven-segment display. Four LEDs form a second visual speed indicator. These LEDs are turned on in sequence as the respective coils of the stepper motor are activated. The activating pulse originates from an on-chip port. The pulse pattern displayed by the LEDs alternates according to the motor shaft turn direction.





**Figure 1 Basic Stepper Motor Operation** 

# 3 Hardware Development

### 3.1 Motor Description

The motor coil assemblies operate at voltage levels ranging from +5 to +24 volts. The motor has a single rotor which is connected to a shaft at the center of the assembly. There are multiple coils surrounding the rotor. A total of 100 steps are required for one complete revolution of the shaft. Each step increments by  $3.6^{\circ}$ . For this application, a wheel is attached to the shaft, but for other applications, the wheel could be replaced by a gear, a pulley, a belt or a timing mechanism.

#### 3.2 Components

The hardware required to control the stepper motor varies significantly from one application to the next. Below is a list of components used to implement the system interfaced to an EVM:

- 1. One EVM;
- 2. One stepper motor;
- 3. One ULN-2075B motor driver IC (optional for enhanced drive);
- 4. One 25 K $\Omega$  potentiometer (A/D input control);
- 5. Two SPDT switches (power and CW or CCW turn control);
- 6. One SPDT switch MOM (position control and single-step);
- 7. One seven-segment display (display stepper motor delay \$0–F);
- 8. One infrared detector and emitter (position control);
- 9. Seven LEDs (sequence, power and CW or CCW indicators);
- 10. Two 1-inch square mounting boards for the IR pair;
- 11. One project assembly board (4-inch x 6-inch);
- 12. One power terminal strip;
- 13. Two wirewrap sockets;
- 14. Four NPN and four PNP transistors (optional for increased motor drive).

## 3.3 Assembly Procedures

Use the following sequence to assemble the project.

- 1. Lay out the positions of the various components that are located on the 4-inch x 6-inch project assembly board. A board of this size provides ample room for all hardware required to assemble this project.
- 2. Place the power terminal strip at one end of the project board. Connect +5 volts and ground connections from the EVM to the appropriate power terminal strip connection. An optional power supply can be used to provide increased power for driving the motor.
- 3. Connect the +5 volts from the power terminal strip to one side of the slide switch. Connect the other side of the slide switch to the main +5 volt power bus for distribution to components on the project board. The main ground bus on the project board also needs to be made available for distribution to the components on the project board.
- 4. Place the two wirewrap sockets at the opposite end of the project board from the power terminal strip. One socket is for the seven-segment display and the other is for the optional motor driver.
- 5. A 25 KΩ potentiometer is used for the analog input to the A/D converter. Connect one side of the potentiometer to +5 volts and the other side to ground. The center tap of the potentiometer is connected to PORTE bit 0 on the MCU. +5 volts is connected to the high reference voltage (V<sub>RH</sub>) and ground is used to supply the low reference voltage (V<sub>RI</sub>) MCU inputs.
- 6. The base portion of the stepper motor being used is a 1.5-inch cube. Place it securely in the center of the project board with the shaft and turning wheel at the top. Align the infrared (IR) emitter and detector to provide the best transmission and detection of the IR signal. Each IR component is mounted on a 1-inch square mounting board to aid with alignment.
- 7. Connect the emitter to +5 volts so that it continually emits a signal. Connect the detector to the MCU PORTA0 for sampling. The stepper motor has a narrow position bar located on the wheel. As the wheel turns, the position bar passes through the signal being sent and received by the IR pair.
- 8. The stepper motor has four coil wires that must be connected to MCU PORTC to promote the desired turning motion. PORTC[3:0] are used for this connection. The order of connecting these wires depends on the motor being used. A wiring diagram of the motor simplifies the connection process. The diagram is usually supplied with the motor.
- 9. Adding the optional ULN-2075B driver significantly enhances the performance of the system by providing increased drive capability. The ULN-2075B IC contains four individual driver circuits. These must be connected from the MCU to the input of the driver and from the output of the driver to the stepper motor coil connections. Another method of increasing the drive current to the stepper motor is to use a push-pull amplifier between each motor coil and PORTC. The

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- amplifier consists of one NPN and one PNP transistor. One side of the amplifier is connected to the optional +12 volts and the other side goes to ground.
- 10. The PORTC pins are also connected to four LEDs. As the motor turns, the LEDs indicate the sequence of motor coil activations, turn direction and speed of motor turn.
- 11. Wire the clockwise/counter clockwise slide switch and the respective LED indicators to the MCU. For this application, the switch is connected to PORTD0. One side of the switch is pulled high and the other side is pulled low. One LED is wired to illuminate when PORTD0 is high and the other LED illuminates when PORTD0 is low.
- 12. Wire MCU PORTB to the seven-segment display. **Figure 2** shows interfacing requirements for the seven-segment display.

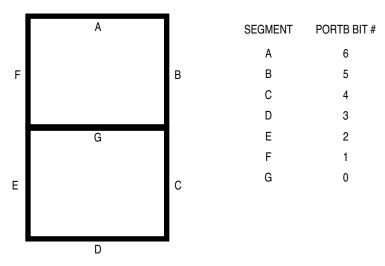


Figure 2 Seven-Segment Display Interfacing

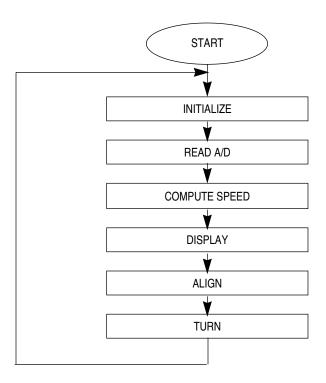
13. Connect the IRQ line to one side of a momentary switch. Connect the other side to ground. Activation of this switch causes instruction execution to resume after a WAI instruction has been executed. The switch is also used for motor single-stepping.

## **4 Software Development**

All software routines for this application are implemented in assembly language. The EVM supports the software routine implementation. P&E Microsystems IASM11 software was used for code development, assembly, debug, and for programming the EEPROM memory.

Program execution occurs in the order shown in **Figure 3**. To take advantage of modular software techniques, several jump to subroutine (JSR) instructions are used. Each JSR has a corresponding return from subroutine (RTS) instruction. By using this method, the program has a smooth and efficient flow. Debugging software errors is simplified by using the modular approach as well.

The following paragraphs describe the subroutines that initialize the system, control the stepper movement, calculate speed, and output digital readouts. Each heading represents an individual stand-alone module.



**Figure 3 Stepper Motor Controller Program Flowchart** 

#### **4.1 INIT**

The initialization routine sets the base address for the MCU registers and establishes the constant port values used by the subroutines contained within the main program. In addition, the  $\overline{IRQ}$  interrupt control bit in the CCR (I) is cleared. This allows the control bit to be set when the SWI instruction is executed.

A counter for turning the shaft 90°, 180°, or 360° is loaded during initialization. A delay timer to define the number of times each coil is activated is also set up. An alternate method of doing this would be to have a keyboard scan routine that accepts predetermined numbers or letters to control the degree of wheel turn as well as the number of coil activations.

#### **4.2 DIRECTION**

Following the initialization routine, the main program is entered. The first routine of the main program controls the shaft turning direction. The stepper motor can turn either clockwise or counterclockwise. A yellow LED and a green LED are used to indicate direction of turn. To change direction, a manual switch toggles the state of a single port pin. The state of this pin is stored at ATEMP. The status of the two LEDs is determined by the position of the switch.

### 4.3 READAD

A 25 K $\Omega$  potentiometer is used as the analog input to PORT E. The reference high and reference low inputs of the A/D are set at +5 V and 0 V respectively.

A value of \$90 is written to the A/D OPTION register (OPTION), enabling the A/D power up (ADPU) and the delay (DLY) for crystal stabilization as shown below:

#### **OPTION** — System Configuration Options

\$1039

BIT 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	BIT 0
ADPU	CSEL	IRQE <sup>1</sup>	DLY <sup>1</sup>	CME	_	CR1 <sup>1</sup>	CR0 <sup>1</sup>
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# RESET: NOTES:

1. Can be written only once in first 64 cycles out of reset in normal modes, or at any time in special modes.

A value of \$A0 is written to the A/D control register (ADCTL), enabling the scan mode and setting the conversion complete flag, as shown below.

ADCTL —	- A/D Contr	ol/Status							\$1030
	BIT 7	6	5	4	3	2	1	BIT 0	
	CCF	_	SCAN	MULT	CD	СС	СВ	CA	
DECET:	1	0							,

To simplify the design, keyboard inputs can be used to provide the necessary value directly to the A/D converter rather than using a potentiometer.

#### 4.4 COMSPD

This routine reads A/D result register 1 (ADR1) to determine the speed value being input by the potentiometer. ADR1 is an 8-bit register that contains one of 256 possible values. The value in the register is complemented so that the highest value (F) represents the longest delay or slowest turning speed.

To obtain the highest resolution of result register content, four consecutive LSRA instructions are executed. Following these four shifts, a value in the range 0 to F remains in the lower nibble of accumulator A. The value is stored in ATEMP2 for later use. To insure that the latest converted value is represented, the ADCTL register is set up so that the result register is continuously being scanned during program execution.

## 4.5 DISPLAY

The A/D conversion value is retrieved from location ATEMP2. DISPLAY calls the COMPDIS subroutine, which determines the number to be displayed. When the polling routine finds the appropriate match, the data to turn on the segments for that particular number is stored in PORT B. The information from PORT B is routed to the seven-segment display for visual monitoring.

#### 4.6 ALIGN

The ALIGN routine controls the actual alignment of the motor wheel to a known starting point, as shown in **Figure 4**. This configuration illustrates an easy method of controlling wheel alignment.

An infrared (IR) emitter and detector are used to establish proper alignment of the wheel. The motor wheel has an extension connected to its topside. As the wheel turns, the extension breaks the invisible IR beam between the emitter and detector. When this occurs during the very first revolution, the interrupt flag (I) is set, the wheel stops turning and the letter 'S' for STOP is displayed on the seven-segment display. The wheel is now aligned to a known starting point, and the program is waiting for the interrupt to be serviced by the appropriate routine. When the program continues to cycle through the main subroutines, the ALIGN routine is bypassed.

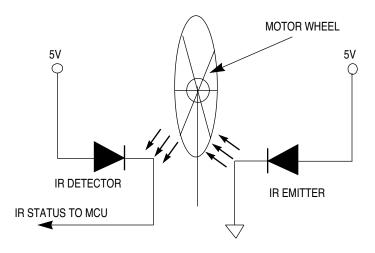


Figure 4 IR Emitter and Detector Stepper Motor Wheel Alignment

#### **4.7 TURN**

Now that the wheel is perfectly aligned to a known starting point, the TURN subroutine can be executed. To initiate the turn sequence, the interrupt from the ALIGN routine must be serviced. This is accomplished with a momentary switch S1 connected to the  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  line.

The value from ATEMP is used to control whether to use the clockwise or counterclockwise subroutine. After the direction has been determined, the corresponding routine is entered and the coils energize in the proper sequence to cause the motor to turn. **Figure 5** shows the interface between the MCU and the stepper motor coils.

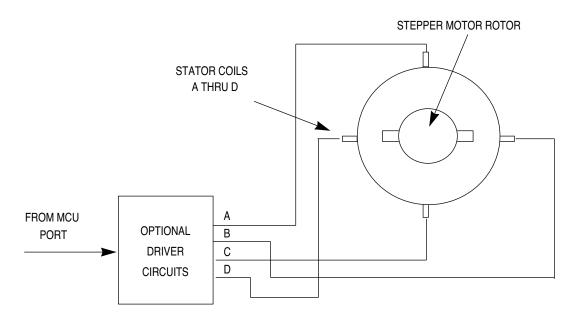


Figure 5 MCU Interface to Stepper Motor Coils

**Table 1** shows the pattern used to energize the coils of the stepper motor for clockwise and counterclockwise rotation. Only four port pins are needed to control the pulses going to the motor. The letters A through D represent the inputs to the coils.

Table 1 Stepper Motor Coil Energizing Pattern for CW and CCW Rotation

CW Rotation							
D	С	В	Α				
0	0	0	1				
0	0	1	1				
0	0	1	0				
0	1	1	0				
0	1	0	0				
1	1	0	0				
1	0	0	0				
1	0	0	1				

CCW Rotation							
D	С	В	Α				
0	0	0	1				
1	0	0	1				
1	0	0	0				
1	1	0	0				
0	1	0	0				
0	1	1	0				
0	0	1	0				
0	0	1	1				

Four PORT C pins are used to drive the inputs to the stepper motor coils. Direct connection from the MCU to the motor is fine for applications that require minimal drive. But for applications that require increased current drive capabilities, enhanced circuits are necessary.

One way to increase drive current is to use a motor controller IC designed specifically for that purpose. An example of this device is the ULN2075B driver IC. Each IC contains four individual high-current Darlington switch and driver circuits. One IC satisfies the MCU to the stepper motor interfacing requirements.

Another approach is to use discrete components to form a push/pull amplifier. Each amplifier consists of an NPN and a PNP transistor. The amplifier is arranged to generate a 12 volt output pulse to one input of the motor in response to a +5 volt pulse coming from PORT C. **Figure 6** shows the amplifier configuration for one motor coil.

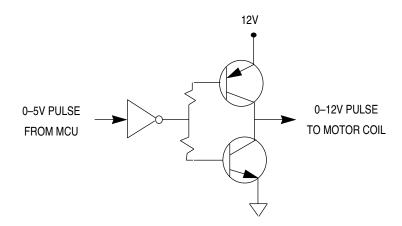


Figure 6 Amplifier Configuration for a Stepper Motor Coil

As the motor turns, the A/D input from the potentiometer is being scanned. When the value varies, the seven-segment display changes accordingly as does the speed of the motor.

The momentary switch connected to the  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  line has an additional function. It is the input for the manual/single step control feature of this application. When the switch is engaged, the motor halts. When the switch is released, the motor resumes normal operation. Many applications can take advantage of the single step feature to monitor elapsed time or observe the status of activities that may be linked to the motor.

The IR emitter and detector have numerous potential uses in this and similar applications. A visual display can be used for each revolution of the wheel. This application displays a 'P' each time the IR emission path is broken. For enhanced applications, this same principal can be used to increment a counter each time there is a missing IR signal received by the MCU.

After the RTS instruction is executed at the end of the TURN subroutine, the program is directed with a BRA instruction to go to the label NEXT and sample the A/D input. From here, the program continues to cycle until the routine is forced to stop or until a predetermined count or time period has elapsed.

## **5 Conclusion and Summary**

There are numerous stepper motor applications that can take advantage of the power, features and flexibility of the M68HC11 single-chip MCU. Applications would include robotics controllers, turning machine tools and other precise shaft positioning control environments. This example is a general solution that demonstrates the ease with which an MCU can be designed into a stepper motor control application.

Due to the types of applications supported, stepper motors operate at relatively low rotating speeds. The actual speed is controlled by varying the delay between coil activations. With this system application, the stepper motor converts binary input pulses coming from the MCU to rotary shaft movement on the stepper motor. The direction of turn is a function of the sequence in which the binary pulses are applied to the stepper motor.

In addition, the requirement for a digital-to-analog converter is eliminated when using stepper motors versus dc or ac motors in dc systems. Ac and dc motors provide continuous shaft rotation. However, stepper motors produce shaft rotation in precise steps or increments as the result of the applied binary pulses. This can be in the form of either half or full steps (step-angular sensitivity) depending on the sequence of coil activations.

It is noteworthy to mention that most stepper motors are used in applications with relatively small loads. An overload condition could result in a shaft slip. This undesirable condition could induce an error that might not be recognized and affect operating precision. To minimize the possibility of this occurring, buffer type amplifiers should be placed between the MCU and the stepper motor.

In terms of reliability, MCUs can operate problem-free in stepper motor applications for years if used within their specified limits.

6 Listin	g					
0000		1	ADCTL	EQU	\$30	0
0000		2	PORTA	EQU	\$0	
0000		3	PORTB	EQU	\$4	
0000		4	PORTCDR	EQU	\$7	
0000		5	PORTC	EQU	\$3	
0000		6	PORTDDR	EQU	\$9	
0000		7	PORTD	EQU	\$8	
0000		8	RESREG	EQU	\$31	
0000		9	ADON	EQU	\$39	
0000		10	ATEMP	RMB	1	
0001			ATEMP2	RMB	1	
0002			ATEMP3	RMB	1	
0003			ATEMP4	RMB	1	
0004			ATEMP5	RMB	1	
0005		15	TIMER	RMB	1	
0006		16	COUNTER	RMB	1	
0007		17	FLGIRQ	RMB	1	
0007		18	I LOINQ	IUID	_	
C000		19		ORG	\$C000	
C000		20		OIG	\$0000	
C000 BD0		21	START	JSR	TNTTT	;INITALIZE ROUTINE
C000 BD0		21 22	NEXT		DIRECTION	
C003 BD0		22 23	NEXI		DIRECTION READAD	; READ A/D ROUTINE
C000 BD0					COMSPD	
		24				
COOC BDO		25			DISPLAY	
COOF BD		26			ALIGN	; POSITION CONTROL ROUTINE
C012 BD0		27			TURN	;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROUTINE
C015 201		28		BRA	NEXT	
		29			NTT [7] 7 T [7]	ZE DOLIMINE
G017 GE		30	TNITE			E ROUTINE
C017 CE		31	INIT		#\$1000	GER DODER FOR OUTBUILD
C01A 861		32			#\$FF	; SET PORTC FOR OUTPUT
C01C A7		33			PORTCDR	·
C01E 860		34			#\$00	; SET PORTD FOR INPUT
C020 A7		35		SIA	PORTDDR	
C022 C6	ne :	36		T D 7 E	, де	;DIRECTION;SET TIMER FOR # OF TIMES TO
C024 D7		30 37		LDAE	TIMER	; ACTIVATE EACH COIL
C024 B7		38			#10	;SET COUNTER FOR # OF STEPS
C028 97		39			COUNTER	•
C028 97		40			#\$00	; SET PORTA FOR
C02A 800		41			PORTA,X	
C02E 97		42			ATEMP5	
C030 970		43 44			FLGIRQ	2
C032 0E		45		CLI RTS		
C033 39		45 46		KIS		
		47		• `	TDECTTON	N ROUTINE - CLOCKWISE OR COUNTER CLOCKWISE
C034 A60			DIRECTION			
C034 A00		49	DIRECTION		#\$01	
C038 A7		50			PORTD,X	
C038 A7		50 51			ATEMP	
C03C 39		52		RTS	AILME	7510KE DIRECTION AT ATEMP
C03C 39		52 53		KIS		
		54		• 0	ביתי נום א/ר	/DCTL REGISTER (READ VARIABLE RESISTOR
		J=			HROUGH PO	
	1	55		, 1	incogn FC	FORT E)
C03D 869			READAD	т.	DAA #\$90	O ;OPTION REG SET A/D PWR ON & DELY
C03F A7		57	KEADAD		ADON, X	
C031 A7		58		I'DV	#\$A0	;SET A/D CONTROL WORD FOR SCAN MODE
C041 802		59		ע ע שט	_ ΔD∪πι <sub>Δ</sub> - πλτο	,X ; & CONVERSION COMPLETE FLAG SET (\$1030)
C045 A7		60			#\$26	''' ''' CONVENE TON COMETED LING OF (\$1030)
C049 180			DELAY	DEY	11720	
C04B 261		62		BNE	DELAY	Y
C04D 39		63		RTS		

AN1285/D MOTOROLA

		64 65			DEAD COMPRISE OF THE DECITE
		05			;READ CONTENTS OF THE RESULT ;REGISTER TO COMPUTE TURN SPEED
		66			
	A631		COMSPD	LDAA RESREG,X	
C050 C051		68 60		COMA	;COMP SO HIGH # = LONGEST DELAY ;SHIFT 'A' 4 TIMES FOR 0 - F COUNT
C051		69 70		LSRA LSRA	
C052		70		LSRA	;SHIFT ;SHIFT
C054		72		LSRA	;SHIFT
	9701	73		STAA ATEMP2	
0055	J / U I	74			, or order of the principle of the control
C057	39	75		RTS	
		76		-	
		77		;DISPLAY SPEE	D ON 7-SEGMENT READOUT
C058	9601	78	DISPLAY	LDAA ATEMP2	;READ ATEMP2 # TO BE DISPLAYED
C05A	BDC060	79		JSR COMPDIS	JUMP TO ROUTINE TO COMPUTE DISPLAY
C05D	A704	80		STAA PORTB,X	;DISPLAY 0-F THROUGH PORTB (7-SEG)
C05F	39	81		RTS	
		82			_
	8100		COMPDIS	CMPA #\$00	; COMPARE $A = 0$
	273E	84		BEQ DOWNO	
	8101	85		CMPA #\$01	; COMPARE A = 01
	273D	86 97		BEQ DOWN1	;COMPARE A = 02
	8102 273C	87 88		CMPA #\$02 BEO DOWN2	COMPARE A = UZ
	8103	89		CMPA #\$03	; COMPARE A = $03$
	273B	90		BEQ DOWN3	COMPANY A = 05
	8104	91		CMPA #\$04	;COMPARE A = 04
	273A	92		BEQ DOWN4	, continued in the cont
	8105	93		CMPA #\$05	COMPARE A = 05
	2739	94		BEQ DOWN5	
	8106	95		CMPA #\$06	;COMPARE A = 06
C07A	2738	96		BEQ DOWN6	
C07C	8107	97		CMPA #\$07	; COMPARE A = 07
C07E	2737	98		BEQ DOWN7	
C080	8108	99		CMPA #\$08	;COMPARE A = 08
	2736	100		BEQ DOWN8	
	8109	101		CMPA #\$09	; COMPARE A = $09$
	2735	102		BEQ DOWN9	
	810A	103		CMPA #\$0A	; COMPARE A = 0A
	2734 810B	104 105		BEQ DOWNA CMPA #\$0B	;COMPARE A = 0B
	2733	105		BEQ DOWNB	/COMPARE A - 05
	810C	107		CMPA #\$0C	;COMPARE A = 0C
	2732	108		BEQ DOWNC	, 30111111111111111111111111111111111111
	810D	109		CMPA #\$0D	; $COMPARE A = 0D$
C096	2731	110		BEQ DOWND	
C098	810E	111		CMPA #\$0E	; COMPARE A = 0E
C09A	2730	112		BEQ DOWNE	
	810F	113		CMPA #\$0F	;COMPARE A = 0F
C09E	272F	114		BEQ DOWNF	
C0A0	20BE	115		BRA COMPDIS	;END OF POLL ROUTINE
		116			_
	86C0	117	DOWN0	LDAA #\$C0	; DISPLAY VALUE ON 7-SEG DISPLAY IF
MATCH					
CO 7.4	20	110		DTC	;VALUE = 0
COA4	39 86CF	118 119	DOWN1	RTS	;VALUE = 1
COA5		120	DOMINT	LDAA #\$CF RTS	ANTOR - T
	8692		DOWN2	LDAA #\$92	;VALUE = 2
COAO		122	2011112	RTS	, ,,,,,,,,, – 2
	8686	123	DOWN3	LDAA #\$86	;VALUE = 3
COAD		124		RTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	868D		DOWN4	LDAA #\$8D	;VALUE = 4
C0B0		126		RTS	

C0B1 86A4	127	DOWN5	LDAA #\$A4	;VALUE = 5
C0B3 39	128		RTS	
C0B4 86A1		DOWN6	LDAA #\$A1	;VALUE = 6
		DOMINO	-	/VALUE - 0
C0B6 39	130		RTS	
C0B7 86CE	131	DOWN7	LDAA #\$CE	;VALUE = 7
C0B9 39	132		RTS	
C0BA 8680		DOWN8	LDAA #\$80	;VALUE = 8
		DOWNO		/VALUE = 0
COBC 39	134	_	RTS	
C0BD 868C	135	DOWN9	LDAA #\$8C	;VALUE = 9
C0BF 39	136		RTS	
C0C0 8688	137	DOWNA	LDAA #\$88	;VALUE = A
C0C2 39	138	DOMINI	RTS	, 1111011 11
C0C3 8680	139	DOWNB	LDAA #\$80	;VALUE = B
C0C5 39	140		RTS	
C0C6 86F0	141	DOWNC	LDAA #\$F0	;VALUE = C
C0C8 39	142		RTS	
C0C9 8683		DOWND		· INTITE - D
		DOMIND	LDAA #\$83	;VALUE = D
C0CB 39	144		RTS	
C0CC 86B0	145	DOWNE	LDAA #\$B0	;VALUE = E
COCE 39	146		RTS	
C0CF 86B8		DOWNF		;VALUE = F
		DOWN		7 7111011 - 1
C0D1 39	148		RTS	
	149			
	150		; ALIGN WHEEL FOR POSIT	ION CONTROL BETWEEN THE
			R EMITTER AND DETECTOR	?
	151		710 201211210 1212 22120101	
G0D0 7600			. D. J. DODEL . II	
C0D2 A600		ALIGN	LDAA PORTA,X	
C0D4 8401	153		ANDA #\$01	
C0D6 8100	154		CMPA #\$00	
C0D8 2702	155		BEQ NEX1	
			_	
CODA 2613	156		BNE TURN	
C0DC 9607	157	NEX1	LDAA FLGIRQ	CHECK IRQ FLAG
CODE 8100	158		CMPA #\$00	
CODE OTOO				
	159		-	; IF = 0 GOTO WAIT
C0E0 2702	159 160		BEQ WAIT	; IF = 0 GOTO WAIT
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B	160		BEQ WAIT BNE TURN	; IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4	160 161	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B	160		BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4	; IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4	160 161	TIAW	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610	160 161 162 163	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706	160 161 162 163 164	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E	160 161 162 163 164 165	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E	160 161 162 163 164 165 166	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E	160 161 162 163 164 165	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E	160 161 162 163 164 165 166	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN RO	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179	WAIT TURN BB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	WAIT	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181	WAIT TURN BB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  'STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	WAIT TURN BB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181	WAIT TURN BB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  'STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183	WAIT TURN BB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  'STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
COEO 2702 COE2 260B COE4 86A4 COE6 A704 COE8 8610 COEA 9706 COEC OE COED 3E COEE 39  COEF 7A0006 COF2 9606 COF4 8100 COF6 2702 COF8 2607 COFA 8610 COFC 9706 COFE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184	WAIT TURN BB BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  'STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  'CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAB TIMER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
COEO 2702 COE2 260B COE4 86A4 COE6 A704 COE8 8610 COEA 9706 COEC OE COED 3E COEE 39  COEF 7A0006 COF2 9606 COF4 8100 COF6 2702 COF8 2607 COFA 8610 COFC 9706 COFE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185	WAIT TURN BB BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  'STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  'CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAB TIMER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605 C109 8601 C10B BDC1A9	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605 C109 8601 C10B BDC1A9 C10E 5A	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605 C109 8601 C10B BDC1A9 C10E 5A C10F 26F8	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW1	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW
COEO 2702 COE2 260B COE4 86A4 COE6 A704 COE8 8610 COEA 9706 COEC OE COED 3E COEE 39  COEF 7A0006 COF2 9606 COF4 8100 COF6 2702 COF8 2607 COFA 8610 COFC 9706 COFE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605 C109 8601 C10B BDC1A9 C10E 5A C10F 26F8 C111 D605	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190	WAIT TURN BB BBB CW CW1	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW1 LDAB TIMER	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW  ;COIL VALUE FOR POSITION 1
C0E0 2702 C0E2 260B C0E4 86A4 C0E6 A704 C0E8 8610 C0EA 9706 C0EC 0E C0ED 3E C0EE 39  C0EF 7A0006 C0F2 9606 C0F4 8100 C0F6 2702 C0F8 2607 C0FA 8610 C0FC 9706 C0FE 2001 C100 39  C101 9600 C103 2653 C105 2700  C107 D605 C109 8601 C10B BDC1A9 C10E 5A C10F 26F8	160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190	WAIT  TURN  BB  BBB	BEQ WAIT BNE TURN LDAA #\$A4 STAA PORTB,X LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER CLI WAI RTS  ;STEPPER MOTOR TURN ROU DEC COUNTER LDAA COUNTER CMPA #00 BEQ BB BNE BBB LDAA #10 STAA COUNTER BRA BBB RTS  LDAA ATEMP BNE CCW BEQ CW  ;CLOCKWISE TURN ROUTING LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW1	;IF NOT = 0 BRANCH TO TURN ;DISPLAY 'S' FOR STOP ;AT PORTB AND WAIT FOR  ;INTERRUPT TO BE SERVICED  JTINE  ;GET STORED DIRECTION ;IF NOT =, TURN CCW ;ELSE TURN CW

C115 BDC1A9 C118 5A C119 26F8 C11B D605 C11D 8602	192 193 194 195 196	CW2	JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW3 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$02	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	3
C11F BDC1A9 C122 5A C123 26F8 C125 D605	197 198 199 200		JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW2 LDAB TIMER					
C127 8606 C129 BDC1A9 C12C 5A C12D 26F8	201 ( 202 203 204	CW6	LDAA #\$06 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW6	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	4
C12F D605 C131 8604 C133 BDC1A9 C136 5A	205 206 207 208	CW4	LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$04 JSR DELAY1 DECB	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	5
C137 26F8 C139 D605 C13B 860C C13D BDC1A9	209 210 211 ( 212	CWC	BNE CW4 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$0C JSR DELAY1	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	6
C140 5A C141 26F8 C143 D605 C145 8608	213 214 215 216 (	CW8	DECB BNE CWC LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	7
C147 BDC1A9 C14A 5A C14B 26F8 C14D D605	217 218 219 220		JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW8 LDAB TIMER					
C14F 8609 C151 BDC1A9 C154 5A C155 26F8	221 ( 222 223 224	CW9	LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CW9	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR	POSITION	8
C157 39	225 226 227		; COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT	'INE				
C157 39  C158 D605  C15A 8601  C15C BDC1A9  C15F 5A  C160 26F8	226 227 228 (	CCW1	;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB		LUE F	7OR	POSITION	9
C158 D605 C15A 8601 C15C BDC1A9 C15F 5A C160 26F8 C162 D605 C164 8609 C166 BDC1A9 C169 5A	226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236		;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW1 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB	;COIL VA			POSITION POSITION	
C158 D605 C15A 8601 C15C BDC1A9 C15F 5A C160 26F8 C162 D605 C164 8609 C166 BDC1A9	226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235	ccw1	;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW1 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW9 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB	;COIL VA	ALUE F	FOR		8
C158 D605 C15A 8601 C15C BDC1A9 C15F 5A C160 26F8 C162 D605 C164 8609 C166 BDC1A9 C169 5A C16A 26F8 C16C D605 C16E 8608 C170 BDC1A9 C173 5A C174 26F8 C176 D605 C178 860C C17A BDC1A9	226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245	CCW1 CCW9 CCW8	;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW1 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW9 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB SNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB SNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$00 JSR DELAY1	;COIL VA	LUE F	FOR FOR	POSITION	8
C158 D605 C15A 8601 C15C BDC1A9 C15F 5A C160 26F8 C162 D605 C164 8609 C166 BDC1A9 C169 5A C16A 26F8 C16C D605 C16E 8608 C170 BDC1A9 C173 5A C174 26F8 C174 26F8 C176 D605 C178 860C C17A BDC1A9 C17D 5A C17E 26F8 C180 D605 C182 8604 C184 BDC1A9	226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250	CCW1 CCW9 CCW8	;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW1 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW9 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$00 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCWC LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$0C JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCWC LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$0C JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCWC LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$04 JSR DELAY1	;COIL VA	ALUE F	ror for	POSITION POSITION	7
C158 D605 C15A 8601 C15C BDC1A9 C15F 5A C160 26F8 C162 D605 C164 8609 C166 BDC1A9 C169 5A C16A 26F8 C16C D605 C16E 8608 C170 BDC1A9 C173 5A C174 26F8 C176 D605 C178 860C C17A BDC1A9 C17D 5A C17E 26F8 C180 D605 C182 8604	226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 (	CCW9 CCW8 CCWC	;COUNTER CLOCKWISE ROUT LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$01 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW1 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$09 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW9 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$08 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$00 JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCW8 LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$0C JSR DELAY1 DECB BNE CCWC LDAB TIMER LDAA #\$0C	;COIL VA	ALUE F	FOR FOR	POSITION POSITION	8 7 5

C194 D605	258		LDAB TIMER	
C196 8602	259	CCW2	LDAA #\$02	COIL VALUE FOR POSITION 3
C198 BDC1A9	260		JSR DELAY1	
C19B 5A	261		DECB	
C19C 26F8	262		BNE CCW2	
C19E D605	263		LDAB TIMER	
C1A0 8603	264	CCW3	LDAA #\$03	COIL VALUE FOR POSITION 2
C1A2 BDC1A9	265		JSR DELAY1	
C1A5 5A	266		DECB	
C1A6 26F8	267		BNE CCW3	
C1A8 39	268		RTS	
	269			
	270		;DELAY ROUTINE	
C1A9 A703	271	DELAY1	STAA PORTC,X	
C1AB 9601	272		LDAA ATEMP2	
C1AD 9702	273		STAA ATEMP3	
C1AF 18DE02	274		LDY ATEMP3	
C1B2 1809	275	COUNT	DEY	;DELAY PER LOADED VALUES
C1B4 26FC	276		BNE COUNT	
C1B6 A600	277		LDAA PORTA,X	
C1B8 8401	278		ANDA #\$01	
C1BA 8101	279		CMPA #\$01	; COMPARE VALUE TO OUTPUT TO DISPLAY
C1BC 270E	280		BEQ NOSEG	
C1BE 2600	281		BNE SEG	
C1C0 8698	282	SEG	LDAA #\$98	;DISPLAY 'P' FOR POSITION
C1C2 A704	283	520	STAA PORTB,X	, 5151 211 1 1011 105111011
C1C4 18CEOFFF	284		LDY #\$FFF	
C1C8 1809	285	7.7.	DEY	
C1CA 26FC	286		BNE ZZ	
C1CC 39		NOSEG	RTS	
0100 07	288	1.0520	1112	
	289			
	290		;INTERRUPT ROUTINE FOR	POSTTION CONTROL
FFF2	291		ORG \$FFF2	; VECTOR FOR IRQ
FFF2 FFF4	292		FDB IROHND	VECTOR FOR INQ
FFFZ FFF <del>1</del>	293		I DB INQUIND	
FFF4 7C0007	294	IROHND	INC FLGIRQ	
FFF7 3B		TKQHND	RTI	
rrr/ od	295 296		KII	
	296 297			
	297 298			
	298 299			
	499			

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