ELE314 Linear Systems and Signals Exam #3 Summer 2017 Name:

Open book/notes (10 questions, 10 points each)

1. () The pole-zero plot of a digital filter shows two poles at $0.25 \pm 0.75 j$ and two zeros at 0 and

-1. What is its H(z)? (A) $\frac{z^2+1}{z^2+0.5z+0.625}$, (B) $\frac{z^2-0.5z+0.625}{z^2-z}$, (C) $\frac{z^2+z}{z^2+0.5z+0.625}$, (D) $\frac{z^2+z}{z^2-0.5z+0.625}$, (E) none of the above.

2. () For the above problem, what is the filter equation?
(A) y[n]=x[n]+x[n-2]-0.5y[n-1]-0.625 y[n-2],
(B) y[n]=x[n]-0.5x[n-1]+0.625x[n-2]+y[n-1],
(C) y[n]=x[n]+x[n-1]-0.5y[n-1]-0.625 y[n-2],
(D) y[n]=x[n]+x[n-1]+0.5y[n-1]-0.625 y[n-2],
(E) none of the above.



3. () For the above problem, what does its $|H(e^{i\omega})|$ look like?



4. () For the above problem, what is its Direct Form 2 realization?



(E) none of the above.

5. () If $H(z) = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}z^{-1}}{1 - \sqrt{(2)}z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$, what is h[n]? (Hint: Use the ZT Table.) (A) $h[n] = \sin(\frac{\pi n}{2})$, (B) $h[n] = \sin(\frac{\pi n}{4})$, (C) $h[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi n}{2})$, (D) $h[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi n}{4})$, (E) none of the above. 6. () The Direct form 2 realization of a filter is shown below. What is its filter equation? (A) y[n]=x[n]+0.36x[n-2]+0.36y[n-2], (B) y[n]=x[n]-0.36x[n-2]-0.36y[n-2], (C) y[n]=x[n]+0.36x[n-1]+0.36y[n-1], (D) y[n]=x[n]-0.36x[n-1]-0.36y[n-1], (E) none of the above. $x(t) = \frac{x(t)}{t} = \frac{1}{t} = \frac{y(t)}{t} = \frac{1}{t} = \frac{1}$

7. () For the above problem, what is the pole-zero plot?



(E) none of the above.

8. () The loop gain of a feedback control system is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{s(s-1)}{(s^2+s+1.25)(s+1)}$. What is its root locus for negative feedback?



(E) none of the above.

9. () A state-space representation is developed for the 2nd-order differential equation $\ddot{y}(t)+2\dot{y}+5y = 2x$ by choosing the state variables: $s_1 = y$; $s_2 = \dot{y}$. The state equation in matrix form is $\dot{\underline{s}} = A\underline{s} + \underline{b}x$. What is the plant matrix A? (A) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$, (B) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, (C) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$, (D) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, (E) none of the above.

10. () For the above problem, what is the input vector \underline{b} ?

(C)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, (D) $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\-1 \end{bmatrix}$, (E) none of the above.

(A)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0\\2 \end{bmatrix}$$
, (B) $\begin{bmatrix} 0\\-2 \end{bmatrix}$,