An Article's Title

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Abstract

An abstract should be short and to the point.

1 Introduction

The paper is organized as follows. This is the introduction, and Section 2 follows.

2 A Section of the Article

2.1 A Sub-section

We wish to include some math examples. To do so we assume that the ith word is characterized by the probability density function (PDF) $p_i(x_{t_{i-1}}, ..., x_{t_i-1}; \theta_i)$, where θ_i is a vector of unknown parameters. A mathematical equation is created by:

$$\prod_{i=1}^{N_s} p_i(x_{t_{i-1}}, ..., x_{t_i-1}; \boldsymbol{\theta}_i)$$
(1)

2.2 A Second Sub-section

This sub-section will use a citation. Here it is: "Don't take wooden nickels" [1]. Note to get the references correct, you'll need to run latex twice.

References

[1] Pops I. Cle, Digital Processing Tips, Frosty Publishers, Newark NJ, 1978.

^{*}This work was supported by ...

A The First Appendix

Let us not worry about filling up the appendix with useless info. But we will show a fraction and some other ideas:

$$p(\mathbf{x};\boldsymbol{\theta}) \simeq \frac{1}{(2\pi\sigma^2)} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2}$$
(A-1)

B The Second Appendix

We can show some nifty arrays by using the array command.

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Q}_{k-1} \\ \mathbf{s}_k^T \end{array}\right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} l \times j \\ r \times p \end{array}\right]$$

And equations will now have the prefix B

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} k^{-n} = 0 \tag{B-1}$$